## Some Books for Logophiles

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## APPENDIX A <br> GLOSSARY:ADDITIONAL WORDS FOR EVALUATION AND ACTIVITIES

## PREFIXES

a-: without
anemic (e-ne'mik) physical weakness due to a low amount of red blood corpuscles anonymous (e-non'e-mes) having an unknown name apathy (ap'e-the) lack of emotion or feeling aphonic (a-fon'ik) mouthed but not spoken apostasy (e-pos'te-se) a total desertion of one's faith asymmetrical (a'se-me'trik-as-e) not identical on both sides of a central line atypical (a-tip'i-kel) not conforming to the type abate (e-bat') to reduce in amount
ab-: removal of
abduct (ab-dukt') to carry off a person illegally
aberrant (a-ber'ent) straying from the right or usual course
abject (ab'jekt) utterly hopeless, humiliating or wretched
abjure (ab'joor') to renounce or give up under oath
ablation (ab-la'shen) removal of organs
abnegate (ab'ne-gat) to refuse or deny oneself
abolish (a-bol'ish) to do away with
abrasion (a-bra'zhen) a scraped spot or area
abridge(a-brij') to reduce in duration or extent
abrogate (ab'-re-gat') to abolish by formal means
abscond (ab-skond') to depart in a secret manner
absovle (ab-zolv') to free from consequences
abstain (ab-stan') to do without
abstemious (ab-ste'-mi-us) sparing use of food and drink
absurd (ab-surd') contrary to reason
ambi-: more than one
ambidextrous (am-bi-deks'trus) using both hands with equal ease
ambiguous (am-big'-yoo-us) not clearly stated; uncertain; obscure
ambivalent (am-biv-'a-lent) contrasting emotions
ante-: before
antecedent (an-te-sed'ent) one's previous history or ancestry
anteconnubial (an'te-ko-nu'-bi-al) prenuptial
antedate (an'te-dat) to go before in time
antediluvian (an'te-di-lu'-vi-an) the time before the flood
antejudiciary (an'te-joo-dish'-i-er-i) before court
anterior (an-te'ri-er) to the front
antescript (an'te-skript) before writing
antevenient (an'te-ven'yent) coming before, preceding
anti-: against
antagonist (an-tag'o-nist) opponent, adversary
antidote (an'ti-dot) remedy for illness
antipode (an-tip'o-de) direct opposites
antipolemist (an'ti-pol'e-mist) someone who does not like controversies
antipyrotic (an'ti-pi-ro'tic) someone or something against fires
antiseptic (an'ti-sep'tik) preventing infection
antithesis (an-tith'e-sis) contrast or opposition
antithetical (an'ti-thet'i-kel) being in direct opposition
auto-: self
autocrat (o'te-krat') ruling by oneself; dictator
autogamy (o-tog'e-mi) self-fertilization
autognosis (o'tog-no'sis) knowledge of the self
automation (o'te-ma'shen)making a system operate by itself; a
system in which the steps of production
are
mechanically performed
autophagous (o-te'fe-gus) eating oneself
bene-: good
benediction (ben'e-dik'shen) blessing
beneficence (be-nef'e-sens) being kind
beneficial (ben'e-fish'el) producing good results
beneficiary (ben'e-fish'e-er'e) anyone receiving good
benevolent (be-nev'e-lent) disposed to do good
benign (bi-nin') good natured; kindly
bi-: two

co-: with
coalesce (ko'e-les') to grow together coalition (ko'e-lish'en) temporary alliance coexist (ko'ig-zist') to exist together or at the same time
coherent (ko-her'ent) logically consistent
cohesion (ko-he'zhen) the act or process of sticking together
collation (ke-la'shen) assembling; bringing together
collaborate (ke-lab'e-rat) to work jointly with others colleague(kal'-eg) associate in a profession
collude(ke-lud') to plot; to conspire
communal (ke-myun'el) culture characterized by sharing
compendious (kem-pen'de-es) marked by brief expression of a comprehensive matter

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comply (kem-pli') to conform to another's wishes or rule
concatenate (kan-kat'e-net) linked together
conciliate (ken-sil'e-at) to appease
concise(ken-sis') marked by brevity of expression
concomitant (ken-kem'i-tent) accompanying, especially in a subordinate or incidental
                                    way
concord (kan'kord) state of agreement; harmony
confederation (ken-fed'e-ra'shen) united group of different social groups
conglomerate (ken-glam'e-ret) made up of parts from various sources of various kinds
connubial (kon-nu'bi-al) of or relating to the married state
corporation (kor-po-ra'shon) society having the capacity of transacting business as an
                                    individual
correlate (kor'e-lat) to establish a reciprocal or mutual relation between two things
corroborate (ko-rob'o-rat) to strengthen
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contra-: against
contraband (kon'tra-band) excluded by proclamation, law, or treaty
contraindicate (kon'tra-in'di-kat) to indicate, suggest, or point to something opposite
counter-: against
countermand (koun'ter-mand) to revoke, as a former command
counterpoint (koun'ter-point) act of writing music in several distinct parts or themes
proceeding simultaneously; to emphasize by
juxtaposition
counterproductive (koun'ter-pro-duk'tiv) tending to hinder the attainment of a desired goal
incontrovertible (in-kon'tro-ver'ti-bl) indisputable
dis-: lack
disarray (dis-a-ra') a lack of order
disillusion (dis-il-lu'zhon)disenchanted
disparate (dis'pa-rat) different
dissent (dis-sent') to disagree in opinion
ecto-: outside
ectocranial (ek'to-kra'ni-al) of or pertaining to the exterior of the skull
ectogenesis (ek'to-jen'e-sis) development outside the body
ectoskeleton (ek'to-skel'e-tun) hard supporting secreted by the outside of the body
ectozoa (ek'to-zo-a) parasites which infest the external parts of other animals
endo-: inside
endogamy (en-dog'a-mi) custom of marrying only within your own tribe
endogastric (en'do-gas'trik) of or pertaining to the inside of the stomach of another
(mineral)

eu-: good
eulogy (u'lo-ji) oration commending a deceased person
eumorphous (u-mor'fus) well-formed
euonymous (u-on'i-mus) of good name suitable for use
eupathy (u'pa-thi) comfort, happy condition of the soul
euphonious (u-fo'ni-us) pleasing in sound
euphoria (u-fo'ri-a) the condition of feeling extremely well or happy
eutaxy (u'tak-si) good order, arrangement
eutrophic (u-trof'ik) pertaining to, or being in a condition of healthy nutrition
ex-: out, off
exalt (eg-zolt') elevate; glorify
exasperate (eg-zas'per-at) to frustrate or inflame
excavate (eks'ka-vat) to hollow out
excerpt(ek'surpt) extract, selected or copied from a book or record
excommunicate (eks'ko-mu'ni-kat) to cut off communion with the church by ecclesiastical sentence
excoriate (eks-ko'ri-at) to strip or wear off the skin
exempt(eg-zempt') set apart, cut off, excluded
exfoliate (eks-fo'ly-at) to remove or take off the surface
exhume (eks-hum') to dig out of the ground
exoculate (eks-ok'u-lat) to deprive of eyes
exogamy (ek-sog'a-mi) the custom that prohibits marriage between members of the same group
exonerate (eg-zon'e-rat') to free from blame or from a responsibility
exorbitant (eg-zor'bi-tent) exceeding the appropriate limits or boundaries
expatriate (ek-spa'tre-at) to give up residence in one's home land
expiate (ek'spe-at) to make amends; to atone
export (ek-sport') to send or carry for trade or sale

hier-: sacred or holy
hierarchy (hi'e-rar'ke) classification of people according to ability or to economic, social, or professional standing
hieratic(hi'e-rat'ik) simpler cursive Egyptian writing than hieroglyphics; highly stylized
hierocracy (hi'e-rok're-se) government by clergy
hierogamy (hi'er-ag'me) sacred marriage
hieroglyphic (hi'er-e-glif'ik) picture or symbol representing a word
hierography (hi'e-ro-graf'e) sacred writings
holo-: whole
holocaust (hal'e-kost') great destruction, especially by fire
holocryptic (ho'le-krip'tik) the whole secret of the occult
hologram (ho'le-gram) three-dimensional picture on photographic film that is illuminated with coherent light from behind
holograph (hal'e-graf') letter wholly in the handwriting of the author
home-: same
homochromatic (ho'me-kro-mat'ik) of or relating to one color
homogeneous (ho'me-je'ne-es) the same in structure and quality
homomorphic (ho'me-mor'fik) similarity of external form
homonym (hom'e-nim') words with the same sound and spelling but a different meaning
homophonic (hom'e-fon'ik) having the same sound
hyper-: excessive
hyperactive (hi'pur-ak'tiv) excessive action
hyperbole (hi-pur'be-le) exaggeration for effect
hyperodontegeny (hi'pur-o'-don-toj'-e-ni) development of teeth in
excess
hypertrophy (hi-pur'tre-fe) abnormal increase in size
hypochondraic (hi-pe-kan'dre-ak)
abnormal anxiety over one's health
hypo-: under
hypodermic (hi'pe-dur'mik) injected under the skin
hypodynamics (hi'po-di-nam'ik) less than sensational
hypogeal (hi'po-je'el) growing or living below the earth's surface
hypostasis (hi-pos'te-sis) the substance or essence of an individual
hypothetical (hi'pe-thet'i-kel) assumed

## idea-: related to beliefs

| ideal | (i-de'el) | standard or model of perfection |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| idealist (i-de'el-ist) | persons who base their thoughts and behavior on |  |
| ideation | (i'de-a'shen) | formation of ideas |
| ideogenetic | (id'e-o-je-net'ik) | originating ideas |
| ideogram | (id'e-o-gram) | symbol representing an idea |
| ideology | (i'de-ol'e-je) | body of ideas about human life or culture |

idio-: peculiar to
idiograph (id'i-o-graf) trademark signature peculiar to an individual
idiom (id'e-em) expression peculiar to itself grammatically or having a meaning that cannot be discovered from its elements
idiomorphic (id'e-mor'fik) having its own proper form
idiosyncracy (id'e-o-sing'kre-se) structural or behavioral peculiarity
im-: not
immerse (i-murs') to plunge into fluid
impair (im-par') to diminish in strength, value, or quantity
impeccable (im-pek'e-bel) faultless
impecunious (im'pi-kyoo're-es) penniless
impede(im-ped') to obstruct the progress of something
impenitent (im-pen'i-tent) unrepentant

| imperious | (im-per'e-es) | domineering; overbearing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| impertinence | (im-pur'ti-nens) | not restrained by propriety; insolence |
| impervious | (im-pur've-es) | incapable of being penetrated |
| impetuous | (im'pet'yoo-es) | characterized by sudden intensity |
| impolitic | (im-pol'i-tek) | not wise or expedient |
| importunate | (im'por'che-nit) | stubbornly or unreasonable persistent |
| impregnable | (im-preg'ne-bel) | capable of resisting attack |
| imprudent | (im-prood'nt) | unwise |
| inter-: between |  |  |
| intercede | (in'ter-sed') | to plead on another's behalf |
| interject | (in'ter-jekt') | to throw in between other things |
| interlude | (in'ter-lud) | interval or temporary pause |
| intermediary | (in'ter-me'de-er-e) | mediator; go-between |
| intermittent | (in-ter-mit'ent) | not continuous |
| intervene | (in-ter-ven') | to come between |

iso-: same
isobar (i'so-bar) $\quad$ having the same atomic weight but different atomic number;
imaginery line on map connecting places where the
height of a barometer reduced to sea level is the
same
macro-: large
macrobiotic (mac'ro-bi-ot'ic) relating to an extremely restricted diet, mainly whole grains, to promote health and well-being, although deficient in B-12
macrocephalus(mac-ro-ceph'a-lous) having a big head
macrocosm (mac'ro-cosm) the great world
macrodont (mac'ro-dont) large-toothed animal
macrography (ma-crog'ra-phy)
macromania (mac'ro-ma'ni-a)
examination with the naked eye long mental disorder
$\underline{\text { mal-: bad }}$
maladroit (mal-a-droit') clumsy
malady (mal'a-di) sickness or disease
malapropos (mal'ap-ro-po') inappropriate manner
malediction (mal-e-dic'tion) curse
malefactor (mal'e-fac-tor) felon; one who commits a crime

meta-:along with, after, between, among
metacarpal (met'e-kar'pel) bone in hand or forefoot
metamorphisis(met'e-mor'fe-sis) transformation by sorcery; an abrupt developmental change in shape in animals

| metaphor | (met'e-for') |
| :--- | :--- |
| metastasis | (me-tas'te-sis) |

word or phrase denoting one idea is used in place of another to suggest a likeness
transmission of a disease from one part of the body to another
mis-: hatred, error

| misanthrope | (mis'an-throp') |
| :--- | :--- |
| misbegotten | (mis'bi-got'en) |
| misdemeanor | (mis'di-me'ner) |
| misfeasance | (mis-fe'zens) |
| misgiving | (mis-giv'ing) |
| misnomer | (mis-no'mer) |
| misogamy | (mi-sog'e-me) |
| misogynic | (mi-so-jen'ik) |
| mistrial | (mis-tri'el) |

one who hates people
illegitimate
small crime
unlawful execution of a legal action
feeling of uncertainty
error in naming a person or place
hatred of marriage
hatred of women
trial that has no legal effect because of errors
mono-: one

| monocerous | (mon-o'sur-es) | pertaining to one |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| monochrome | (mon'-e-krom) | made with one color |
| monocrat | (mon'e-krat) | person in favor of rule by a single person |
| monogamy | (me-nog'e-me) | custom of being married to one person at a time |
| monolith | (mon'e-lith) | a single great stone |
| monologue | (mon'e-log) | long speech by one person |
| monophagous | (me-nof'e-ges) | feeding on a single kind of food |


| monopoly | (me-nop'e-le) |
| :--- | :--- |
| monotheism | (mon'e-the-iz'em) |
| monotonous | (me-not'e-nes) |

exclusive control
the belief in one God
not varied in inflection

| neocracy | ( |
| :---: | :---: |
| neogenesis | (ne-o-jen'e-sis) |
| neographic | (ne'o-graf'ik) |
| neomenia | (ne'o-me'ne-a) |
| neonatal | (ne'o-na'tel) |
| neophile | (ne'o-fil) |
| neophyte | (ne'a-fit) |

oli-: small, few

| olichrome <br> oligarchy <br> oligodontous <br> oligophagous | (ol'i-krom) <br> (ol'e-gar'ke) <br> (ol'e-go-don'tes) <br> (ol'e-gof'e-ges) | having few colors <br> government in which a small group holds power <br> having small teeth <br> eating only a few kinds of food |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| oxy-: sharp | sharp eyes <br> sharp glass <br> oxyopia | (ok'se-op'i-a) <br> (ox'se-rin) |
| paleo-: old | enthusaist for what is old <br> palaeophile <br> paleography <br> paleolatry <br> paleolithic | (pa'le-o-fil) <br> (pa'le-og'ro-fe) <br> (pa-le-o'-le-tre) <br> (pa'le-o-lith'ik) | | second period of the Stone Age characterized by chipped |
| :--- |
| stone implements |

pal-:
palaver(pe-lav'er) empty talk to flatter or deceive
palindrome (pal'in-drom) palingenesis (pal'in-jen'e-sis)
palpable (pal'pe-bel)
palpitate (pal'pe-tat)
pan-: across

| panacea | (pan'e-se'e) |
| :--- | :--- |
| pandemic | (pan-dem'ik) |

pandemonium (pan'de-mo'ne'em)
new form of government new beginning
new art of writing
new servants
relating to newborn babies
enthusiast for what is new or novel
recent convert
sharp eyes
sharp glass
enthusaist for what is old
the geography of ancient times
worship of ancient things
second period of the Stone Age characterized by chipped stone implements the Permian
word(s) that read the same forward as backward rebirth into a higher or better life; passing of the soul at death into another body
capable of being touched or felt
throb; quiver
remedy for all diseases
affecting an exceptionally high proportion of people
wild uproar

| panoply | (pan'e-ple) |
| :--- | :--- |
| pantheon | (pan'the-on) |
| pantisocracy | (pant'i-sok'ra-si) |
| pantoglossical | (pan'to-glos'i-kal) |

complete suit of armor of a warrior
all the gods of a people
utopian community in which all rule equally pertaining to all languages
to walk over or through
to become aware of something through the senses
continuing for several years
to make a hole through something
to spread throughout
transforming
to speak at length
to bring about
to make last indefinitely
to harrass with bad treatment
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { persevere } & \text { (pur'se-kut) } & \text { to corrtinue and action despite obstacles }\end{array}$
persist (per-sist') to go on despite opposition or warning
perspicacious (pur'spi-ka'shus) clear sighted; of acute mental vision
perturb (per-turb') to disturb greatly
pervade (per-vad') to pass or spread through
philo-: love

| philander | (fi-lan'der) |
| :--- | :--- |
| philanthropy | (fi-lan'thro-pi) |
| philematology | (fi'-le-ma-to'lo-ge) |
| philharmonic | (fil'har-mon'ik) |
| philhellenic | (fil'he-len'ik) |
| philodox | (fil'o-doks) |
| philogynist | (fil-oj'i-nist) |
| philology | (fi-lol'o-ji) |
| philopolemic | (fi-lo-po-lem'ik) |
| philosophy | (fi-los'of-i) |

poly-: many
polyanthus (pol'i-an'thus) having many different flowers; any of various hybrid primroses
polycephalic (pol'i-se-fal'ik)
polychromatic (pol'i-kro-mat'ik)
polychratic (pol'i-krat'ik)
polyfold (pol'i-fold)
polygamous (pol-ig'amus)
to have many love affairs
the love for human kind
love of words
love of music; an orchestra
admiring Greece and the Greeks
love of God
lover of women
love of learning and literature
love of arguments
pursuit of wisdom; general beliefs of an individual or group
having many heads
multicolored
having many supporters of government;supporters of many forms of government
having many plaits; doubled; numerous
having more than one mate at one time

| polygon | (pol'i-gon) | a many-sided shape; a closed plane figure bounded by straight lines |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| polyglot | (pol'i-glot) | mixture of many languages |
| polymorphous | (pol'i-morf'us) | having many forms, characters, or styles |
| polyonymous | (pol'i-a'ne-mes) | having many names |
| polyphobic | (pol'i-fo'bik) fearf | of many things |
| polytheism | (pol'i-the'izm) wors | p of more than one god |
| post-: after |  |  |
| postconnubial | (post-ke-nu'-be-al) | after marriage |
| posterior | (pas-tir'e-er) | rear part of the body |
| posterity | (pas-ter'e-te) | all future generations |
| posthumous | (pas'choo-mes) | after the death |
| postmortem | (post-mor'-tem) | after death |
| postscript | (post'-skript) | note added to a letter below the signature |
| pre-: before |  |  |
| preamble | (pre'am-bl) | introduction |
| precedent | (pri'-se-dnt) | event that may serve as an example to justify another similar act |
| precise (pri-sis') exact or correct |  |  |
| preclude | (pri-klood') | rule out in advance |
| precocious | (pri-ko'shes) | too developed at an early age |
| precursor | (pri-kur'ser) | forerunner |
| predilection | (pred'il-ek'shen) | preference or taste for something |
| preeminent | (pre-em'-e-nent) | outstanding |
| premise | (prem'is) | previous statement that serves as the basis of an argument |
| presentiment | (pri-zen'te-ment) | premonition |
| pro |  |  |
| proficient | (pre-fish'ent) | capable |
| profusion | (pre-fyoo'shen) | abundance |
| progeny | (praj'-e-ne) | children |
| prognosis | (prag-no'sis) | forecast |
| prologue | (pro'log) | introduction; preface |
| promontory | (pram'en-tor'e)head |  |
| propensity | (pre-pen'se-te) natu | disposition or tendency |
| proponent | (pre-po'nent) one | ho makes a proposal for something |
| prospectus (pros | o-spek'tes) pape | containing information of a business or institution; proposal |
| provident | (prov'e-dent) | making plans for the future |
| provoke | (pre-vok') | to incite to anger |
| pseudo-: false |  |  |
| pseudography | (soo-de'-gra-fe) | false writing |


super-: above
superannuated (soo'per-an'yoo-a-ted) to make obsolete; to retire and pension
supersede (soo'per-sed') to displace in favor of another

| supercilious | (soo'per-sil'e-es) | exhibiting haughty contempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| superfluous | (soo-pur'floo-es) | extra |
| superimpose | (soo'per-im-poz') | to place above something |
| superlative | (se-pur'le-tiv) elevated to the highest degree |  |

syn-: combine

| synagaogue | (sin'o-gog) | Jewish place of worship |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| syncopate | (sing'ke-pat) | to cut short, abbreviate; stress the weak beat in music |
| syndicate | (sin'de-kit) | association authorized to negotiate business |
| syndrome | (sin'drom) | set of concurrent things that form a pattern |
| synergy | (sin'er-je) | combined action |
| synopsis | (si-nop'-sis) | condensed outline |
| synthesis | (sin'-the-sis) | combination of parts to form a whole |

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tachy-: fast
tachyphagia (tak-e-fag'-i-a) eating fast or rapidly
tachyphemia (tak-e'-fem'e-) speak in a fast and disordered manner
tachyphrasia (tak-e-frez'-ia) to speak fast
tachyphrenia (tak-e-fre'-ne-e) rapid, disordered condition of mental functions
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tele-: distance
telegnosis (tel-eg-no'ses) knowledge of distant happenings by unknown means telegraphy (te-leg'ra-fi) the use of a telegraph machine
telemechanic (tel'e-me-kan'ik) relating to a devise for operating mechanisms from a distance

| telemetry | (te-lem'e-tri) | the science of measuring a quantity, transmitting data, and <br> recording the quantities measured |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| telephoto | (tel'e-fo'to) | giving a large image to a distant object in a camera of short |
| focal length |  |  |

trans-: across

| transaction | (trans-ak'shun) | deal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| transcend | (tran-send') | to rise above or beyond limits |
| transcribe | (tran-scrib') | to make a written copy |
| transfigure | (trans-fig'ur) | to change something's form or appearance |
| transfix | (trans-fiks') | to impale; to make motionless |
| transfuse | (trans-fuz') | to transmit |
| transgress | (trans-gres') | to go beyond the limits |
| transitory (tran'si-to-ri) temporary; to pass from place to |  |  |
| place |  |  |
| translucent (trans-lu'sent) clear |  |  |
| transmogrify | (trans-mog'ri-fi) | to transform |
| transom | (tran'sum) | horizontal crossbar; a transverse piece in a structure |
| transpire | (tran-spir') | to exhale; to occur |

transpose (trans-poz') to transform; to transport; to translate
uni-: one
unilateral (yoo'ni-lat'er-el) affecting only one side
uniped (u'ni-ped) having only one foot
unipotent (u-nip'o-tent) one power
universal (yoo'ne-vur'sel) affecting everyone
xeno-: foreign
xenogenous (zen-e'-jen-es) caused by a foreign body
xenomania (zen'o-man'e-e) madness for foreign customs
xylo-: wood
xyloid (zo'loid) similar to wood
xylomancy (zi'lo-man'si) prophecy from wood
xylophagous (zi-lof'e-ges) feeding on wood
xylotomous (zi-lot'-o-mes) capable of cutting wood

## ROOTS

andro-: man
androcentric (an-dro-sen'trik) centered around man
androgyne (an-dro-jin) person with the characteristics of both sexes
andromorphous (an-dro-mor'fes) formed like a man
androphagous (an-drof'a-gus)man-eating
androphobia (an-dro-fo'be-e) fear of man
an: year
annals (an'elz) historical records
annuity(e-noo'e-te) yearly payment or income
semiannual (sem'e-an'yoo-el) happening twice a year
superannuate (soo'per-an'yoo-at') to make obsolete; to retire and pension
trienniel (tri-en'e-el) occurring every three years; consisting of or lasting for three years
arch: government
anarchy (an'er-ke) absence of political authority or government;
disorder
archaic (ar-ka'ik) ancient; antiquated
archetype (ar'ke-tip') original model from which copies are made
archives (ar'kivz) organized public records or historical documents
demarchy (de'mar-ki) popular government
diarchy(di'ark-ke) government by two joint rulers
matriarch (ma'tri-ark) woman who rules a family, group, or state

| oligarchy <br> patriarch | (ol'i-gar'ki) <br> (pa'tri-ark) | government in which a small group holds power <br> father of a family or tribe |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| auto: self |  |  |
| autocrat <br> automation | (o'to-krat) | ruling by oneself; dictator <br> making a system operate by itself; a system in which the steps of <br> production or mechanically performed |
| automaton <br> (o-tom'e-ten) | one that behaves in a mechanical fashion |  |
| (o-ton'e-mi) | self-government |  |

## Bacchus: god of wine

bacchanal (bak'e-nal') any drunken or riotous celebration bacchanalian (bak'e-nal'yen) characterized by riotous, drunken revelry
bath: water
bathos (ba'thos') anticlimax; triteness; sentimentality bathymeter (be-thim'me-ter) used in measuring depth of water bathyseism (be-this'si'zem) earthquake under water bathysmal (ba'this-mal) impure or dirty water
biblio: book
bibliogenesis (bib'le-e-jen'e-sis) the creation of books; the first book of the Bible
biblioklept (bib'le-e-klept') person who steals books
bibliolater (bib'le-ol'e-ter) person overly devoted to books; person having excessive reverence for the bible
bibliopegy (bib'le-op'e-je) the art of binding books
bibliophagic (bib'le-e-fa'-jik) state of being an ardent reader; eating books
bibliophile (bib'le-e-fil') person who loves or collects books
bibliosoph (bib'le-e-sof) person who knows everything about books
bibliothecary (bib'le-e'-the-ke-ri) collection of books; library
bio: live
amphibious (am-fib'e-es) able to live on land and in water
biochemistry (bi'o-kem'is-tre) branch of chemistry dealing with plants and animals
biopsy (bi'op-se) removal and examination of tissue, cells, or fluids from the living body
bioscopy (bi-os'ke-pe) examination of the body to tell whether it is alive or not
biosphere (bi'e-sfer') part of the world in which life can exist
symbiosis (sim'bi-o'sis) the living together of two dissimilar organisms in a mutually beneficial relationship
symbiotic (sim'bi-o'ik) living together

## Expansions

17
cephal: head
acephalic (a'-sef-e'-ik) lacking a head
cephalalgia (sef-el'-je-a) headache
cephalic (se-fal'ik) of or relating to the head
cephalopod (sef'e-le-pod') having a group of muscular arms around the front of the head, usually with suckers, eyes, and a bag of inky fluid for defence or concealment
encephalitis (en-sef'e-li'tis) inflammation of the brain encephalopathy(en-sef'e-lop'-e-fee)

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chrom: color
achromatic (a'kro-mat'ik) free from color
chromogenic (kro'me-jen'ik) producing color
chromometer (kro'me-met'er) instrument for measuring color
monochrome (mon'e-krom') painting or drawing in a single hue
anachronism (e-na'kro-niz'em) person, event, or object out of time; error in chronomology
chronic(kron'ik) recurring frequently
chronicle (kron'i-kel) time-sequenced record of events
chronology (kro-nol'e-je) the sequential order in which events
occur
chronometer (kro-nom'i-ter) instrument for measuring time
synchronize (sing'kro-niz') to occur at the same time
cide: kill
fratricide (fra'tri-sid') murder of a brother
genocide (jen'e-sid') deliberate extermination of a racial, political, or cultural group
herbicide (hur'bi-sid') substance used to kill plants
insecticide (in'sek'te-sid) agent used to kill insects
matricide (mat're-sid) murder of a mother by a daughter or son
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patricide (pat're-sid) murder of a father by a daughter or son
cis: cut
incisive (in-si'siv) penetrating; cutting; biting
incisor (in-si'zer) tooth adapted for cutting
cluse, clude: close
cloister(klois'ter) place devoted to religious seclusion
disclose (dis-kloz') to expose or reveal
exclusive (eks-kloo'siv) sole; single; limited
preclude (pri-klood') rule out in advance
recluse (ri-kloos') marked by withdrawal from society; person who lives in solitude
seclude(si-klood') to remove; to make private
corps: body
corporal (kor'pe-rel) of the body; noncommissioned officer in the army above a private and below a sergeant
corporate (kor'pe-rit) unite or combine; formed into an association with the capacity for transacting business as an individual
corps de garde (kor-de-gard') a body of people who guard a place
corpulence (kor'pye-lens) fat; obese
corpus (kor'pes) the main part of a bodily structure
corpus juris (kor'pes-joor'is) body of law
incorporate (in-kor'pe-rat) to merge or combine
cred: truth
credence (kre'dens) acceptance as truth
credentials (kri-den'shels) testimonials showing the bearer is entitled to confidence, credit, or authority
credible (kred'-e-bel) believable
credulity (kre-joo'le-te) undue readiness to believe
credulous (kre'joo-les) to believe too readily
creed (kred) formal statement of religious belief
crypt: hidden
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { cryptic (krip'tik) } & \text { mysterious; mystifying } \\ \text { cryptogram }\end{array}$ (krip'-te-gram) $\quad$ a communication in code
cryptography (krip-tog're-fe)secret writing; enciphering and deciphering of coded messages
cryptology (krop-tol'-e-je) study of codes
culp: blame

| culpable <br> culpatory | (kul'pel-bel) <br> (kel'pe-tor-e) | blameworthy <br> censorious; accusing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

culprit (kul'prit)
mea culpa (me-a-kul'pa)
person guilty of a crime or a fault
mea culpa (me-a-kul'pa)
formal acknowledgment of personal fault or error
dem: people
demagogue (dem'e-gog') leader who uses popular prejudices and false claims and promises to gain power
democracy (di-mok're-se) majority rule
democratic (dem'e-krat'ik) characterized by fairness to all people
demographics (dem'e-graf'iks) statistical characteristics of human
populations
endemic (en-dem'ik) native to a particular people or country
pandemic (pan-dem'ik) affecting an exceptionally high proportion of people
derm: skin
dermatitis (dur'me-ti'tis) inflammation of the skin
dermatology (dur'me-tol'e-je) the medical study of physiology and pathology of the skin
dermatophagic (dur'me-to-pha'-gik) eating skin
dermutation (dur'mu-ta'shen) change in the skin
ectoderm (ec'te-derm) outer membrane of a jellyfish or diploblastic animal
hypodermic (hi-po-der'mik) injected under the skin
pachyderm (pak'e-derm) nonruminant hoofed mammals with thick skin
dia: through, throughout, across
diaphonous (di-e'fen-es) characterized by extreme delicacy of texture
diatherm (di'e-therm) transmittal of infrared radiation
dic, dict: speech

duc, duct: lead
aqueduct (ak'we-dukt') structure for conveying a canal over a river
conducive (ken-doo'siv) contributive
deduce (di-doos') to determine; to infer
induce (in-doos') to influence; to cause
induct (in-dukt') to introduce, initiate, or install
viaduct(vi'e-dukt') bridge carrying a road or a railroad over an obstruction
dyn: power

| dynamic | (di-nam'ik) | powerful; energetic |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dynamo | (di'ne-mo) | forceful, energetic individual |
| dynasty (di'ne-ste) | succession of rulers of the same line of descent |  |

equa: fair, balanced
equabale (ek'we-bel) steady; even
equanimity (e'kwe-nim'e-te) evenness of mind under stress; balance
equilateral (e'kwa-lat'er-el) having all sides equal
equilibrium (e'kwe-lib're-em) state of balance
equitable (ek'we-te-bel) dealing fairly and equally with all concerned
equivocal (ek-wiv'e-kel) undecided; confusing; having a doubtful meaning
inequity (in-ek'wo-te) injustice
ethn: nation
ethnarch (eth'nark') the governor of a people
ethnic (eth'nik) related to large groups of people classified by racial,
national, tribal, religious, linguistic, or cultural origin
ethnocentric (eth-no-sen'trik) characterized by attitude that one's
own group is superior
ethnocracy (eth-nok'ra-si) racial rule
ethnogeny (eth-noj'e-ni) science dealing with origin of races and ethnic groups
ethnography (eth-nog're-fi) study of human cultures
ethnologist (eth-nol'o-jist) expert in the study of cultural anthropology

## fac: ease

benefactor (ben'e-fak'ter) a patron; a helper; one who does good
facile (fas'el) easily gained; superficial
facilitate (fe-sil'e-tat) to make easier
facility (fe-sil'e-te) ease in performance
facsimile (fak-sim'e-le) exact copy
malefactor (mal'e-fak'ter) felon; one who commits a crime
fid: faith

| bona fide | (bo'ne-fid) | made in good faith; sincere |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| confidant | (kon'fe-dant) | person trusted with secrets |


| diffident | (dif'e-dent) | unassertive due to lack of self-confidence; shy |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| perfidious | (per-fid'i-us) | treacherous |
| perfidy (per'fe-di) | treachery; disloyalty |  |

fin: end

| definitive | (di-fin'e-tiv) | final; conclusive |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| infinitessimal | (in'fin-e-tes'e-mel) | infinately small |

frac: break

| fracas (fra'kes) | noisy fight |
| :--- | :---: |
| fractious (frak'shes) | unruly; peevish |
| refractory (ri-frak'te-ri) | disobedient; hard to manage |

gen: born

| congenital | (ken-jen'e-tel) | existing from birth <br> engender <br> genealogy |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (en-jen'der) (je'ni-al'e-ji) | pedigree; record of descent from a certain ancestor |  |
| generate | (jen'er-at) | to produce; create |
| genesis(jen'i-sis) | the coming into being of something |  |
| genetics | (je-ne'tiks) | branch of biology dealing with heredity |
| genocide | (jen'e-sid) | deliberate extermination of a racial, political, or cultural group |
| progeny | (proj'e-ne) | children |

hippo: horse
hippocrepian (hip'e-krap'ian)
hippodrome (hip'e-drom')
hippometric (hip'e-met'rik)
hippophagous (hip'e-fa-gos)
hippophile (hip'e-fil)
hurt or damaged horse
oval stadium for horse and chariot races in ancient Greece units by which a horse is measured person who eats horse lover of horses
geo: earth
geography (je-og're-fe) science dealing with the earth and its life
geology (je-ol'-o-je) science dealing with the history of the earth and its life, especially as recorded in rocks
geoscopy (je-o'skop-e) to view the earth
geothermal (je'o-thur'mel) of the internal heat of the earth
gnos: knowledge
agnostic (ag-nos'tik) person who believes that any ultimate reality (as God) is unknown and probably unknowable
cognition (kog-nish'en) the mental process by which knowledge is acquired
cognitive (kog'ni-tiv) mental functions
diagnosis (di'eg-no'sis) process of identifying a disease from its signs and symptoms
gnosis (no'sis) esoteric knowledge of spiritual truths held by the
Gnostics to be essential to salvation
gnostic (nos'tik) process of intellectual spiritual knowledge physiognomy (fiz'e-og'ne-me) art of judging character from facial gestures recognition (re-kog-nish'en) taking notice of something;
acknowledging; knowledge that someone or
something has been met before
gram, graph: write, draw
anagram (an'e-gram') word or phrase made by transposing the letters
of another word or phrase
cardiogram (kar'de-e-gram') curve traced by a machine used to detect heart defects
cartographer (kar-tog'ref-er) person who makes maps
choreography (kor'e-og're-fe) art of creating and arranging dances
cryptogram (krip'te-gram') communication in code
epigram (ep'e-gram') terse, sage, or witty, often paradoxical,
saying
graphic(graf'ik) formed by writing or drawing; expressed vividly; represented by a graph
monograph (mon'e-graf') learned treatise on a small area of learning
greg: gather
aggregate (ag're-git) formed by combining others; sum total
congregation (kong'gre-ga'shen) assembly of people; gathering
egregious (i-gre'jes) conspiciously bad
gregarious (gri-gar'e-es) tending to associate with others of one's kind; sociable
segregate (seg're-gat) to separate or set apart from others

## gyn: women

epigynous (i-pij'e-nes) having the main parts of the flower separate from the center
gyneolatry (gin'e-o'-la-tre) the worship of women
gyniatric (gin'e-a'trik) the care of women
perigyny (pe-rig'-e-ny) flower surrounded by petals
hem: blood
autohemotherapy (o'te-he'ma-ther'e-pe) giving oneself therapy by means of blood hematology (hem'e-tol'e-je) branch of biology that deals with nature, function, and disease of the blood hemophile (he'me-fil) lover of blood
hemorrhage (hem'er-ij) copious discharge of blood from a ruptured blood vessel hemostat (he'me-stat') instrument used to stop hemorrhaging blood vessels
hir: hair
hirsute (hur'soot) roughly hairy; shaggy
ichth: fish
ichthyic (ik'the-ik) fishy
ichthyoid (ik'the-oid') any fishlike substance
ichthyophagous (ik'the-of'e-ges) eating or subsisting on fish
ichthyophile (ik'the-o-fil) lover of fish
icon: image
icon (i'kon) picture, image, or other representation
iconic (i-kon'ik) like or similar to a picture, image, or other
representation
iconoclast (i-kon'e-klast') person who attacks religious beliefs or images
iconolatrous (i'kan-ol'e-tres) worshiping icons
iconomachy (i-kon'e-mach'e) fighting one's likeness
iconophile (i-kon'e-fil) loving one's image
lact: milk
lactarium (lak-ter'-e-um) milk factory; place pertaining to milk
lactary (lak'tor-e) person involved with the production of milk
lactate (lak'tat) to produce milk
lacteous (lak'te-as) milky; of the color of milk
lactescence (lak-tes'sens) act of becoming milky or secreting milk
lactic (lak'tik) of, pertaining to, or obtained from milk
lactification (lak-te-fi-ka'shen) making or producing milk
lactinate (lak-ten-at) to milk something
lith: rock
lithography (li-thog're-fe) process of printing on a flat plate on which the image to be printed is
ink-receptive
and the blank area ink-repellant
monolith (mon'e-lith) single block of stone of considerable size
neolithic (ne'e-lith'ik) noting or pertaining to the final state of the Stone Ate
paleolithic (pa'le-o-lith'ik) second period of the Stone Age characterized by chipped stone implements
loc, loq: speech
colloquial (ke-lo'kwe-el) characterized by ordinary or familar conversation
colloquium (ke-lo'kwe-om) an informal conference or group discussion
eloquent (el'e-kwent) having the power of fluent, forceful, and appropriate speech
grandiloquent (gran-dil'e-kwent) speaking in a lofty or pompous
style
log: word

| analogy | (a-nal'e-je) | similarity between like features on which comparisons can |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | be made |

## lum: light

luminary (loo'me-ner'e) body that gives light; person of prominence luminous (loo'me-nes) radiating or emitting light translucent (tranz-loo'sent) permitting the passage of light; clear

## magna: great

magnanimity (mag-nan-im'i-te) quality of being generous in forgiving
magnanimous (mag-nah'e-mes) being generous in forgiving
magnate (mag'nat) person of great importance or influence
magnifico (mag-nif'-e-ko) person of high position
magniloquent (mag-nil'e-kwent) speaking in a grandiose, often
bombastic style
magnipotent (nag-ne'-pot-ent)exercising great power or influence
man: hand
manacle (man'e-kel) restraings; to restrain or hamper
manipulate (me-nip'ye-lat) to influence by artful skill
manual (man'yoo-el) operated by hand; a handbook
manuscript (man'ye-skript) handwritten or typewritten book or document
mast: teeth
mastadon (mast'-e-don) any large elephant-like mammal

## meter, metr: measure

asymmetrical (a'se-me-tri-kal) not identical on both sides of a central line
chronometer (kre-nom'i-ter) highly accurate timepiece
isometric (i'se-me'trik) having the same measure; muscles that are in opposition
metronome (me'tre-nom') instrument used to mark time
odometer (o-dom'i-tor) instrument used to measure distance traveled parameter (pe-ram'i-ter) determining factor; characteristic element pedometer (pi-dom'e-ter) an instrument that gauges the approximate distance traveled on foot by registering number of steps taken
pentameter (pen-tam'e-ter) line of verse composed of five metrical feet
$\underline{\text { mis, mit: send }}$
emissary (em'e-ser'e) messenger or agent sent to represent the interests of another emit (i-mit') to release or send forth
intermittent (in'ter-mit'ent) not continuous
missive (mis'iv) letter or written message
premise (prem'is) previous statement that serves as the basis of an argument
remission (ri-mish'en) state or period during which something is sent back, stopped, or forgiven
remit (ri-mit') to give back or stop
morph: shape
amorphous (a-mor'fes) without definite form; shapeless
endomorph (en'de-morf') mineral enclosed in a crystal; an individual with a heavy rounded body tending to fat; of abnormal physical type
$\underline{\text { mort: death }}$

| immortal $\quad$ (i-mor'tel) |
| :--- |
| mortal (mor'tel) |$\quad$ living or lasting forever

mortify(mor'te-fi) $\quad$ to subdue or to death
mortuary $\quad$ (mor'cho-wer'e) $\quad$ place in which dead bodies are kept until burial or
nom, nomen: name
nom de plume (no'men-kla'cher) pseudnym; pen name nomenclature (ak'te-gan') system or set of names used in a specific branch of learning or activity

## oct: eight

octagon (ak'te-gan') plane figure with eight angles and eight sides
octennial (ak-ten'e-el) occurring every eight years; period of eight years
octet (ak-tet') group of eight; composition for eight performers
octive (ak-tiv') register of eight musical notes
octocentenary (ak-to-sen'ten-e-re) anniversary of eight hundred years or its celebration
octocular (ak-to'-kya-ler) having eight eyes
octodont (ak'-to-dont) having eight teeth
octogamy (ak-to'-ga-me) union of eight people in marriage
octogynous (ok-to'ji-es) pertaining to eight women
onym: name
acronym (ak're-nim) word formed by combining initial letters
anonymous (e-non-'e-mes) having no acknowledged name
pseudonym (soo'de-nim) fictious name
synonymous (si-non'e-mis) alike in meaning or significance
ornith: bird
ornithocephalic (or'ne-tho-se-fal'ik) having the head of a bird ornithography (or'ne-thol'e-je) writing about birds
ornithoid (or'ne-thoid) resembling a bird
ornithology (or'ne-thol'e-je) branch of zoology dealing with birds
ornithomorph (or'ne-tho-morphe) bird shape
ornithotrophy (or'ne-thot'rophe) bird growth
ortho: straight
orthodontist (or-the-dont'-ist) dentist specializing in
irregularities of the teeth and their
correction
orthodox (or'-the-doks) conforming to established doctrine, especially in religion orthopedics (or'the-pe'diks) marked by deformities or crippling

## para: beside

parable (par'able) short fictitious story illustrating a religious principle or moral attitude
parabola (par-a'bol-e) intersection of a right circular cone with a plane parallel to an element of the cone
paradigm (par'e-dim) outstandingly clear or typical example
paradox (par'e-doks) statement seemingly contradictory or absurd, yet perhaps true
paragon (par'e-gon) model of excellence
paralegal (par'a-le'gal) relating to a paraprofessional who assists a lawyer
paramedian (par'a-me'di-en) adjacent to the middle line
parameter (pa-ram'e-tor) determining factor; characteristic element
paraphernalia (par'a-fer-na'le-a) personal effects
paraprofessional (par'e-pre-fe'she-nel) trained aide who assists a professional person
parasite (per'e-site) organism living in or on another organism
pathy: feelings

| antipathy (an-tip'-e-the) | settled aversion or dislike <br> compathy <br> empathy | (kom'-pat-the) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$| feeling with someone |
| :--- |
| (em'-pe-the) |$\quad$| capacity for participating in the feelings or ideas of another |
| :--- |
| pathos (pa'-thas) |


| pathological sympathy | (path-e-laj'-i-kel) <br> (sim'-pe-thel) | kel) abnormality of structure and compassion; pity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pecc: sin |  |  |
| impeccable (im-pek'-e-bel) faultless; not capable of wrong doing |  |  |
| peccadillo | (pek'-e-dil'-o) | slight offense |
| peccant | (pek'ant) | sinning |
| peccavi | (pe'ka-we) | acknowledgement of sin |
| ped: feet |  |  |
| expedient | (ik-sped'-e-ent) ad | t) adapted for achieving a particular end |
| expedite | (ek'-spe-dit) | to carry out promptly |
| impede(im-ped') to obstruct the progress of |  |  |
| impediment | (im-ped'-e-ment) | ent) hindrance; speech defect |
| pedicure | (ped'-i-kyur) | care of the feet, toes, and nails |
| quadruped | (kwad'-re-ped) | a) animal with four feet |
| pend: hang |  |  |
| append (e-pend') to attach |  |  |
| appendix (e-pen'-diks)supplementary material added at the end of a book |  |  |
| impending | (im-pend'-ing) | ) to hover or hang over threateningly |
| pendant | (pen'-dent) | hanging ornament |
| pending | (pen'-ding) | during; imminent |
| pensive | (pen'-siv) mu | musingly, dreamily, or sadly thoughtful |
| phon: sound |  |  |
| antiphonal (an-tif'-e-el) pe |  | performed by two alternating groups |
| cacophany | (ka-kaf'-e-ne) | harsh or discordant sound |
| euphonious | (yu-fo'-ne-es) | pleasing or sweet in sound |
| polyphonic (p | ol'i-fon'ik) | two or more sounds |

phot: light
photic (fo'tik) penetrated to light; relating to light photoglyphic (pho'to-glif'ik) art of engraving by means of light photographee (fo'to-graf-e') person photographed photogyric (fo'to-ji'rik) of, or, produced by light photophile (fo'to-fil) lover of light photophobic (fo'to-fo'bik) shunning or avoiding light photosynthesis(fo'to-sin'the-sis) process of chemical changes cause by action of light
plac: peace
placable (plak'a-bel) capable of being appeased or pacified placate (plak'at) to appease or pacify
placebo (pla-se'bo) pacifier; medication prescribed more for mental relief of the patient than
for its actual effect
placid (plas'id) gentle; quiet; undisturbed
opolos: city
acropolis (e-krop'o-lis) upper fortified part of an ancient Greek city
megalopolis (meg-e-lop'o-lis) region made of several large citites
metropolis (me-trop'o-lis) the chief city or capital of a kingdom
politic (pol'i-tik) characterized by shrewdness in managing, contriving, or dealing
polity (pol'ite) political organization
comport

## port: carry

comport (kom-port') to be suitable; agree; fit; suit

| deportment | (di-port'ment) | conduct or behavior <br> portfolio |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (port-fo'li-o) | flexible case for carrying loose papers, pictures, or |  |
| pamphlets |  |  |

## psycho: mind

psychopathic (si-ko-path'ik) affected with a mental disorder, usually antisocial behavior psychosis (si-ko'sis) mental derangement marked by defective or lost contact with reality
psychosomatic (si-ko-so-mat'ik) involving both mind and body; concerned with bodily symptoms
caused by
mental disturbance

## pugn: fight

| impugn <br> pug <br> pugilist | (pug) | (im-pun') |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | prize fighter; small sturdy dog with wrinkled face |
| :--- |
| (pug'-il-ist) |$\quad$ fighter

pugnacious (pug-na'shus) having a beligerant nature; combative
pyro: fire
pyroballogy (pi-ro-bal'o-ji) art of throwing fire
pyrogenesis(pi-ro-gen'e-sis) process of developing heat
pyrogenic (pi-ro-gen'ik) produced by heat
pyrography (pi-rog'ra-fi) process of burning designs into wood
pyromachy (pi'-ro-mok-e) destruction by fire
pyromancy (pi'ro-man-si) prophesy by means of fire
pyromorphous (pi-ro-mor'fes)capable of being made crystalizeable by heat; shaped by heat
pyrophile (pi'ro-fil) person who loves fire
quin: five
quinary (kwi'na-ri) arranged by fives

| quincuncial <br> quindecagon | (kwin-kun'shel) | five twelfths of anything |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (kwin-dek'e-gon) | plane figure with fifteen angles and sides |  |

rrheo: flow
hemorrhage (hem'er-ij) copious discharge of blood from a ruptured blood vessel
logorrhea (lo'ge-re'-e) excessive or often incoherent talkativeness
rheometer (re-om'i-ter) instrument that measures electric currency
rhinorrhea (ri'no-re-e) runny nose
salu: health
salutary (sal'-ye-ter-e) remedial; promoting health
salutation (sal-yu-ta'shen) act of saluting; gesture; greeting
salutatorian (se-lu'te-to'rian) student who delivers the salutary at the commencement exercises,
student with the second
usually the
salutatory (se-lu'te-to-ri) expressing a welcome or greeting
salute (se-lut') to address with expression of kind wishes; greet
scrib: write
ascribe (e-skrib') to refer to a supposed cause or source; credit
conscript (kon'skript) to enroll; enlist
inscription (in-skrip'shen) dedication of a book; epigraph
manuscript (man'yu-skript) handwritten or typewritten book or
document
nondescript (non'di-skript) lacking distinctive qualities; not easy to describe
scribe (skrib) official or public secretary or clerk; copier of manuscripts

| scripture | (skrip'chur) | passage from the Bible; writings considered sacred or |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| authoritative |  |  |
| transcribe | (tran-skrib') | to make a written copy |

sed, sid: sit, settle
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { assiduous } \quad \begin{array}{l}\text { (a-sid'yu-us) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { careful constant attention; busy } \\
\text { insidious } \quad \text { (in-sid'i-us) }\end{array}
$$ <br>

treacherous; harmful but enticing\end{array}\right]\)| preside (pri-zaid) | to occupy the place of authority |
| :--- | :--- |
| residue (rez'i-diu) | that which is left after part is taken away: remainder |

sedate (si-det') keeping a quiet steady attitude; unruffled
sedentary (sed'en-te-ri) settled; doing or requiring much sitting
subside (sub-said') to sink or fall to the bottom; abate
subsidiary (sub-sid'i-e-ri) assisting or supporting; of secondary importance
subsidy (sub'si-di) grant or gift of money
sens, sent: sense
dissent (di-sent')
to disagree in opinion
insensate (in-sen'sat) lacking sense or understanding
presentiment (pri-sen'ti-ment) premonition
sensory (sen'so-ri) pertaining to the senses
sensual (sen'shoo-al) consisting of the gratification of the senses or the indulgence of appetite
spec, spic: view
aspect (as'pekt)
auspicious (os-pish'us) favorable; propitious
circumspect (sur'kum-spekt) careful to consider all circumstances and possible consequences
conspicuous (kon-spik'u-us) obvious to the eye or mind
despicable (des-pi'-ka-bel) contemptible; fit or deserving to be despised
introspection (in'tro-spek'shun) looking inwards to examine internal thoughts and feelings
perspective (per-spek'tiv) point of view; a visible scene
perspicacious (pur'spi-ka'shus) of acute mental vision; clear
sighted
prospect (pros'pekt) act of looking forward; an extensive view;
mental picture of something to come
retrospect (ret'ro-spekt) review of past events; reflect
specious (spe'shus) having deceptive attraction; having a false look of truth
specter (spek'ter) visible disembodied spirit; apparition
speculate (spek'u-lat) meditate, contemplate, or theorize
somn: sleep
somnambulant (som-nam'bu-lant) walking or addicted to walking while asleep
somnambulist (som-nam'bu-list)
somnial (som'ni-al)
sleepwalker
somniferous (som-nif'er-us) causing to tending to cause sleep; soporific
somnifugous (som-nif'u-gus)
somniloquent (som-nil'o-kwent)
driving away sleep
somnolence (som'no-lens) sleepiness
stas, stat: rest
stasis (sta'sis)
slowing of circulating blood current
static (stat'ik) pertaining to bodies at rest; characterized by a lack of movement, animation, or progression
statistic (sta-tis'tik) systematic computation of instances for the inference of
statuesque (stat'u-esk') resembling a statue, especially in dignity or shapeliness
statute (stach'ut) law enacted by a legislative body
taut: same
tautochronous (taw ta'krun-us)
tautology (taw-tol'e-ji) needless repetition of an idea, statement, or word
tautomerism (taw-tom'e-riz'em) isomers changing into each other
with great ease so that they
equilibrium
tautophony (taw-to'-fon-e) having the same sound
terr: earth
terrace (ter'is) flat raised piece of land; group of row houses; terra cotta (ter'e-kot'e) glazed or unglazed brownish-orange fired clay
terra firma (ter'e-fer'me) dry land; solid ground
theis: religion
atheist (a'the-ist) person who denies the existance of God
polytheist (pol'i-the-ist) person who believes in more than one God
theocracy (the-ok're-si) government by divine guidance or by officials regarded as devinely guided
theogony (the-ag'-e-ne) account of the origin and descent of the gods
theology (thi-ol'e-ji) study of religious faith, practice, and experience
theomania (the-o-ma'ne-e) crazy about God or religion
theophile (the'o-fil) lover of God or religion
therm: heat
isotherm (i'se-therm) line on a map connecting points with the same temperature thermal (ther'mel) pertaining to heat
thermogenesis (ther-mo-jen'e-sis) production or generation of heat
thermology (ther-mol'e-je) study of heat
thermostat (thur'me-stat') automatic device for regulating
temperature
tort: twist
contortion (ken-tor'shen) violent twist; distortion

| tort (tort) | wrongful act for which a civil action will lie, except one involving a breach of <br> contract |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| tortious | (tort'-shes) | implying or involving tort |
| tortuous | (tor'tu-us) | winding; crooked; involved |

ven: come
advent (ad'vent) coming or arrival of something momentous
circumvent (sur'kem-vent) to go around something
convene (kon-ven') to come together as a body; to cause to assemble
eventuate (i-ven'choo-at) result
intervene (in-ter-ven') to come between
ver: truth
aver (e-vur') to confirm as authentic; to declare in a positive manner
veracious (ve-ra'-shes) truthful; honest
veracity (ve-ras'i-te) truthfulness
verdict (vur'dikt) the decision reached by a jury at a trial
verify (ver'e-fi) confirm; to prove to be true or accurate
verily (ver'e-le) certainly
veritable (ver'i-te-bel) authentic
verity (ver'i-te) condition or quality of being real or correct
vers: against

| adversity | (ad-vur'si-te) | state of hardship or affliction |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| aversion | (a-vur'zhen) | intense dislike |

vis: see
envision (en-vizh'en) picture to oneself; think
provident (prov'i-dent) making provision for the future
revise (ri-viz') to look at again; to prepare a new, correct
version
visionary (vizh'e-n-er'e) imaginary; impracticable; unreal; dreamer; seer
visor (vi'zer) front piece of a helmet; projecting piece on a cap for shading the eyes
visual (vizh'-oo-el) used in vision; attained by sight; vivid
vir: male
virify (vir'e-fi) to make like a man
virile (vir'il) having masculine characteristics; vigorous;
forceful
virtue (vur'choo) moral excellence
virtuoso (vur'choo-o'so) one who excels in the technique of an art
viv: life
convivial (ken-viv'e-el) fond of feasting, drinking, and good company
vivacious (vi-va'shes) full of life and spirit
vivacity (vi-vas'e-te) in a state of being lively
viviparous (vi-vip'er-es) producing living young instead of eggs within the body
vivarium (vi-ver'e-em) place for keeping and observing animals or plants indoors
vivify (viv'e-fi) to give life to something; to impart vitality
vivisepulture (viv'e-sep'el-cher) entombing the living
voc: voice
equivocal (i-kwik've-kel)undecided; confusing; having a doubtful meaning
equivocate (i-kwik've-kat) using ambiguous language with intent to deceive
evoke (i-vok') to conjure; to call or summon forth
invocation (in-vo-ka'-shen) prayer of entreaty; to petition for help or support
irrevocable (i-rev'e-ke-bel) unalterable
vociferous (vo-sif'er-es) making a loud outcry; clamorous

## SUFFIXES

-iac: pertaining to, consisting of... cardiac (kar'de-ak) pertaining to or affecting the heart elegiac (el'e-ji'ek) consisting of two dactylic hexameter lines;
elegy
expressing sorrow for something now past
insomniac (in-som'ne-ak) individual suffering from sleeplessness
maniac (ma'ne-ak) lunatic; frantic
-algia: pain in the...

| cephalgia | (se-fal'je-a) | headache |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| dermalgia | (der-mel'-je-a) | skin ache |
| otalgia (o-tal'je-a) | earache |  |
| pantalgia | (pan-tal'-je-a) | pain everywhere |
| pedalgia | (ped-al'je-a) | footache |

-clasm: destruction of...
autoclasm (o'to-klaz'm) self-destruction
biblioclasm (bib'le-o-klas'm) destruction of books

| bioclasm (bi'o-klaz'm) |  | destruction of life |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| iconoclasm (i-kan'o-klaz'm) <br> panclasm (pan'-klaz'm) |  | e of attacking religious beliefs or images |
|  |  | destroying everything |
| -cracy: government of... |  |  |
| androcracy | (an-drek'-res-e) | government ruled by men |
| democracy | (de-mak'res-e) | government of the people, by the people, for the people |
| isocracy | (i-sok'res-e) | equal form of government |
| monocracy | (mo-nok'res-e) | single form of government |
| neocracy | (ne-ok'res-e) | new form of government |
| plutocracy | (ploo-tok'res-e) | government by the wealthy |

-ia: having to do with...
Bacchanalia (bak'e-na'le-e) Roman festival of Bacchus celebrated with dancing, song, and revelry
ectopia (ek-to'pe-a) occurring in an abnormal position or unusual
manner
mania (ma'ne-e) excessive or unreasonable enthusiasm
militia (me-lish'e) part of organized armed forces liable to call only in emergencies paraphernalia (par'e-fer-na'le-e) personal effects
utopia (yoo-to'pe-e) place of ideal perfection
-ic: having to do with...

| aphonic (a-fon-'ik) | soundless |
| :---: | :---: |
| archaic (ar-ka'ik) ancient; | ; antiquated; belonging to a former period |
| eccentric (ek-sen'trik) d | deviating from established patterns; strange |
| endemic (en-dem'ik) b | belonging or native to a particular people or country |
| philanthropic (fil'en-throp'ik) | ) humanitarian |
| skeptic (skep'tik) suspendi | ding judgment; questioning truth of apparent facts |
| sporadic (spo-rad'ik) | occurring occasionally; infrequent |
| therapeutic (ther'e-pyu'tik) m | medicinal; treating disease by remedial agents |
| -ine: resembling... [usually a ce | ertain kind of animall |
| bovine (bo'vin) | resembling an ox or cow |
| feline (fe'lin) cat-like |  |
| serpentine (ser'pen-tin) | snake-like |
| elephantine (el'e-fan'tin) | elephant-like |
| -ism: condition of... |  |
| barbarism (bar'-ba-riz-em) | ) uncivilized social and intellectual condition |
| despotism (des'pe-tiz-em) | system of government in which the ruler has unlimited power |
| egotism (e'go-tiz-em) | exaggerated sense of self-importance |


| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { heroism } & \text { (her'o-iz-em) } \\ \text { misoneism } & \text { (mis'o-ne'iz-em) }\end{array}$ | conduct fulfilling a high purpose or attaining a noble end |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ) hatred, fear, or intollerance of innovation or change |
| neologism (ne-ol'e-jiz-em) | word or term |
| ostracism |  |
| plagiarism (pla'je-riz-em) stealing and passing off the work of another as one's own truism (tru'iz-em) an undoubted or self-evident truth |  |
| -ist: one who... |  |
| bigamist (big'e-mist) in | individual married to more than one person at one time |
| flautist (flo'tist) individual who plays the flute |  |
| hedonist (he'don-ist) individual living for pleasure |  |
| misogynist (mi-soj'e-nist) | individual who hates women |
| misoneist (mis'e-ne-ist) | individual who hates what is new |
| oculist (ok'u-list) one who specializes in eye dis |  |
| philologist (fi-lo'lo-jist) in | individual who loves learning and literature |
| populist (pop'ye-list) | member of a political party claiming to represent the common people |
| socialist (so'shel-ist) in | individual in favor of collective or governmental ownership of the means of production and distribution of goods |
| -itis: inflammation of... |  |
| arthritis (ar-thri'tis) | inflammation of the joint or joints |
| bronchitis (bron-ki'tis) inflammation of the bronchial tub |  |
| bursitis(ber-si'tis) inflammation of the bursa, especially of the shoulder or elbow |  |
| encephalitis (en-sef'-e-li'tis) inflammation of the brain |  |
| phrenitis |  |
| -olatry: worship of... |  |
| dendrolatry (den-dro'la-tre) | worship of trees |
| grammatolatry (gram'a-tol'a-tri) | worship of letters or words |
| iconolatry (i'-con-ol'e-tre) | devotion to images |
| idolatry (i-dol'e-tre) | worship of idols |
| zooaltry (zo-ol'e-tre) | worship of animals |
| -lysis: freeing, loosening |  |
| catalysis (ke-ta'li-sis) | increase rate of chemical reaction by adding a substance |
| glossolysis (glo-so'-li-sis) loosening of the tongue, language, or speech |  |
| hydrolysis (hi-dro'li-sis) ch | chemical process of decomposition by splitting a bond and adding water |
| paralysis (pa-ra'li-sis) | loss of the ability to move |
| -machy: destruction of... |  |
| angelomachy (an-jel-om'a-ki) | contest between angels |
| chiromachy (ki-rom'a-ki) | contest between hands |

$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\begin{array}{ll}\text { iconomachy } \\ \text { logomachy }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { (i'ko-nom'a-ki) } \\ \text { (lo-gom'a-ki) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { fighting against images } \\ \text { naumachy } \\ \text { (heomachy }\end{array} \\ \begin{array}{lll}\text { (no'ma-ki) } \\ \text { (the-om'a-ki) }\end{array} & \text { mock sea fight or spectacle representing a naval battle } \\ \text { fighting against the gods }\end{array}\right]$
-mania: excessive enthusiasm for...
Anglomania (ang'glo-ma'ni-a) fondness of English customs and institutions on the part of a foreigner
kleptomania (klep-to-ma'ni-a) compulsion to steal pyromania (pi're-ma'ni-e) compulsion to set things on fire theatromania (the-a-tro-ma'ni-a) inordinate propensity for playgoing
-poid: resembling a...
anthropoid (an'thro-poid) resembling a human being
asteroid (as'ter-oid) any of the small planets between Mars and Jupiter; resembling a star
Caucasoid (cau-ca'soid) resembling the white race
cycloid (cy'cloid) curve generated by a point on the circumference as it
rolls along a straight line
hippoid (hi'-poid) horse-like
ornithoid (or'ni-thoid) resembling a bird; bird-like
schizoid (schiz'oid) individual with a split personality
spheroid (sphe'roid) figure that is almost but not quite a perfect sphere
-ology: study of...
anthropology (an-thro-pol'o-gy) scientific study of human beings
criminology (crim-i-nol'o-gy) scientific study of crime
dermatology (der-ma-tol'o-gy) branch of medicine dealing with the skin
entomology (en-to-mol'o-gy) study of biology dealing with insects
etymology (et-y-mol'o-gy) study of word origins, tracing back as far as possible
genealogy (gen-e-al'o-gy) pedigree; record of descent from a certain ancestor
meteorology (me"te-or-ol'o-gy) study of atmosphere and weather
ornithology (or-ni-thol'o-gy) branch of zoology dealing with birds
pathology (path-ol'o-gy) branch of medicine dealing with the nature of diseases
-ous: having the characteristics of...

| billious | (bil'i-us) | looking like the wave of the sea |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| bulbous | (bulb'us) | swelling like a bulb |
| cantankerous | (can-tan'ker-us) | ill-natured |

fatuous(fat'u-us) silly; foolish
polygamous (po-lag'a-mus) having more than one spouse at the same time
-phile: lover of...

| bibliophile | (bib'le-e-fil) | book lover |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| demophile | (dem'o-fil) | individual who loves people or crowds |  |
| gastrophile | (gas'-tro-fil) | individual who loves eating |  |
| iconophile (i- | kon-o-fil) | individual who worships icons or images |  |
| necrophile ( n | k're-fil) | individual attracted to dead bodies |  |
| pteridophile | (te-rid'e-fil) | fern lover |  |
| xenophile <br> zoophile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (zen'-e-fil) ii } \\ & \text { (zo'e-fil) } \end{aligned}$ | ividual attracted to foreign people or | strangers |

-phobia: fear of...

| acrophobia | (ak're-fo'be-e) | fear of heights |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| demonophobia(de'men-o-fo'-be-e) | fest of demons |  |
| dermataphobia(dur-mat'e-fo'be-e) | fear of skin disease |  |
| Francophobia | (fran'ko-fo'be-e) | fear of anything French |
| hydrophobia | (hi'dre-fo'be-e) | fear of water |
| neophobia | (ne'o-fo'be-e) | fear of anything new; fear of change |
| phobophobia | (fo'bo-fo'-be-e) | fear of fears |
| photophobia | (fo'te-fo'be-e) | fear of light |
| pyrophobia | (pi'ro-fo'-be-e) | fear of fire |
| toxicophobia | (tok'si-ko-fo-be-e) | fear of being poisoned |
| Russophobia | (rus'e-fo'be-e) fear of anything Russian |  |
| xenophobia | (zen'e-fo'be-e) | fear of strangers; fear of foreign people |

-phoria: feeling of...
euphoria (yoo-for'e-e) feeling extremely well or happy
heterophoria (het'er-e-for'e-e) a different feeling
hyperphoria (hi'per-for'e-e) excessive emotional state; an energetic feeling
-poly: control of...
monopoly (me-nop'o-le) possession or control by one group
-scopy: study of...
cryoscopy (kri-os'ke-pe) the study of freezing points of solutions
fluoroscopy (flo-ros'ke-pe) examination of the internal structure
of an opaque object by X-rays
laryngoscopy (lar'in-gos'ke-pe) examination of the interior of the larnyx microscopy (mi-kros'ke-pe) examination with a microscope
polariscopy (po'-lar-is'-ke-pe) examination of substances in polarized light
uranoscopy (yoor'e-nos'ke-pe) examination of the heavens

## APPENDIX B

## GLOSSARY: ADDITIONAL WORD ELEMENTS

## PREFIXES

brev-: short


hex-: six

| hexaglot |
| :--- |
| hexagonal |
| hexagram |


| (hek'se-glot) |
| :--- |
| (hek-sag'o-nal) |
| (hek'sa-gram) | | speaking six languages |
| :--- |
| having six angles and six sides |
| figure formed by an equilateral triangle on both sides of a |
| hexapod |
| hexarchy |$\quad$| (hek-sam'i-ter) line of |
| :--- |
| (hek'sa-pod) |
| (hek'sa-ar-ke) |$\quad$| having six feet |
| :--- |
| government by six people |

## omni-: all

omnibus (om'ni-bus) public vehicle designed to carry many people; book containing many
pieces by one author, or many pieces on the same subject
omnicorporeal (om'ni-kor-por'e-al) the whole body
omnifarious (om'ni-far'e-us) of all forms
omniloquent (om-ni'-lo-qu-ent) speaking all the time
omniparous (om-ni'-pa-rus) giving birth to all
omnipotent (om-ni'-po-tent) having virtually unlimited authority
omnipresent (om'ni-prez'ent) present in all places at all times
omniscient (om-ni'shent) understanding everything
omnitude (om'ni-tude) having all personalities
omnivorous (om-niv'er-us) eating both animal and vegetable
substances
pauc-: few
paucidentate (pa'si-den'tat) having a small amount of teeth
pauciflorous (pa-si'-flor-us) having small or few flowers paucilocular(pa'si-lok'u-ler) having
pauciloquent (pa-si'-lo-qu-ent) not speaking often
paucity(pa'si-te) smallness of number

sesqui: one and one half
sesquialateral (ses'kwi-lat'e-rel) one and a half sides sesquicentennial (ses'kwi-sen-ten'yal) 150th anniversary
sesquipedalian(ses'kwi-pi-dal'yun)ch aracterized by the use of long words
tert-: third
tertian (tur'shun) occurring every other day
tertiary (tur'shi-e-ri) of third rank
ubique-: everywhere
ubiquitarian (yu-bik'wi-te'ri-on) one who is everywhere at the same time ubiquitous (yu-bik'wi-tus) existing everywhere at the same time
ubiquity (yu-bik'wi-ti) presence everywhere at the same time
ultra-: excessively
ultrafastidious (ul'tra-fas-tid'i-us) excessively neat
ultramontane (ul'-tra-mon'tan) countries beyond the mountains
ultramodern (ul'tra-mod'ern) excessively recent
ultramorose (ul'tra-mo-ros') excessively gloomy and sullen
ultramundane (ul'tra-mun-dan') excessively commonplace
ultraofficious (ul'tra-o-fish'us) excessively dutiful; excessively meddlesome
ultrapious (ul'tra-pi'us) excessively religious and reverential

## ROOT

aesth: perception
aesthesia (es-the'zi-a) the ability to feel sensation
aesthete (es'thet) a person highly sensitive to art and beauty
aesthetic (es-thet'ik) related to art, beauty and taste
anesthetic (an'es-thet'ik) producing a loss of feeling or pain
esthematology (es'thi-me-tol'o-ji) the science of the senses and their organs
esthesis (es-the'sis) sensibility
esthetology (es-the-to'lo-gee) the study of beauty and art
ama: love
amateur (am'e-choor) one who practices art for pleasure
amatory (am'e-tor'e) exciting love
amiable (a'me-e-bel) friendly
amicable (am'i-ke-bel) showing goodwill
amity (am'e-te)
peaceful relations
arbit: witness, judge


| incumbent | (in-kum'bent) | imposed as a duty |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| recumbent | (re-kum'bent) | lying down |

cum: amass

| accumulate | (a-kyu'myu-lat) | to collect and store <br> cumulative <br> (kyu'myu-la-tiv) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| formed or growing by additions |  |  |
| cumulous | (kyu'myu-les) | of or having the form of a cloud |
| cumulus (kyu'my'les) heap, pile; thick, rounded cloud |  |  |

dole: sad
condolence (ken-do'lens) expression of sympathy with a person in pain or sorrow
doldrum (dol'drem) the part of the ocean near the equator where calms or baffling winds prevail; period of sadness
doleful (dol'fel) melancholy; to feel pain
dolesome (dol'sum) one who is filled with sadness
dolorific (dol'le-rif'ik) one who experiences sadness or pain
dolorous (do'ler-es) sad; mournful
dorm: sleep

| dormant | (dor'ment) | asleep, or as if asleep |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dormient | (dor'me-ent) | sleeping <br> dormition |
| (dor-mish'en) | the act of sleeping |  |
| dormitory | (dor'me-tor'e) | a large building with sleeping accommodations for many |
|  |  | persons |

dox: praise

| doxology | (dok-sol'e-je) | a hymn or verse of praise to God |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| heterodox | (het'er-e-doks') | at variance with accepted or established doctrines or beliefs |

orthodox (or'the-doks) holding the commonly accepted or established baith; correct or sound in doctrine
paradox (par'e-doks) a statement seemingly absurd or contradictory, yet in fact true
err: mistake
err (ur) to make a mistake
errable (ur'a-bel) likely to make a mistake
errant (er'rent) roving or wandering in search of adventure
erratic (e-rat'ik) not conforming to usual standards
erratum (e-ra'tem) a writing or printing error
erroneous (e-ro'ne-es) marked by error
ethos: character, custom
ethical (eth'i-kel) conforming to right principles of conduct as
accepted by a
ethics (eth'iks) the study of philosphy of human conduct, with
ethno: related to culture, race, or nationality
ethnography (eth-nog're-fe) the branch of anthropology concerned with the study of racial and ethnic groups in origins and cultures
ethologic (eth'e-loj'ik) the individual-comparative study of animal behavior, including that of man
ethos (e'thos) the characteristic spirit, as of a people or institution
fat: foolish

| fatuity (fa-too'i-te) | stupidity; foolishness |
| :--- | :--- |
| fatuous(fach'oo-es) | foolish; insane |
| infatuate $\quad$ (in-fach'oo-at) to be foolishly in love |  |

feder: league, treaty
confederate (ken-fed'er-it) an associate; ally
federal (fed'er-el) a form of government in which separate states are united under one central authority while retaining certain powers
federalism (fed'er-e-liz'em) the doctrine or system of federal government
federalist (fed'er-e-list) an advocate of federalism
federate (fed'e-rat') to join or unite in a league or federal union
federation (fed'e-ra'shen) a league, federal union or similar association
fer: boil, agitate
effervescent (ef'er-ves'ent) being boisterous
ferment (fur-ment') a state of agitation or unrest
fervent (fur'vent) extremely hot; glowing
fervescent (fur-ve'sent) to feel extremely hot
fervid (fur'vid) fervent; impassioned
fervor (fur'ver) intensity of emotion; ardor
fisc: money
confiscate (kon'fe-skat') to seize
fisc (fisk) treasury
fiscal (fis'kel) pertaining to the public treasury or finances
fiscus (fis'kus) treasury
flam: fire

| flamant | (flam'ant) | flaming |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| flambeau | (flam-bo') | a flaming torch |
| flamboyant | (flam-boy'ent) | highly elaborate; showy |
| flammable | (flam'e-bel) $\quad$ capable of igniting easily and burning rapidly |  |

flamulate (flam'u-lat') tinged with red
inflammable (in-flam'e-bel) igniting easily and burning rapidly
fort: chance, accident
fortuitous (for-too'i-tes) happening or produced by chance fortuity(for-too'i-te) an accidental occurrence
Fortuna (for-too'na) a Roman goddess of fortune fortunate (for'che-nit) having good fortune fortune (for'chen) position in life determined by wealth
fug: flee

| fugacity | (fyoo-gas'i-te) <br> fugacious | falling or fading early <br> (fyoo-ga'shes) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| fugitate | fleeting, transitory |  |
| (fyoo'je-tat) | to flee |  |
| fugitive | (fyoo'ji-tiv) | a person who is fleeing |


| defunct(di-funkt') |  | deceased dead |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| function | (funk'shen) | proper action or purpose |
| functional | (funk'she-nel) | something that works properly |
| functionary perfunctory | funk'she-ner'e) <br> er-funk'te-re) | person who functions in a special way performed merely to pass time |
| garr: talk |  |  |
| garrulity | (ga-roo'li-te) | talkativeness |
| garrulous | (gar'a-les) | excessively talkative |

grad, gred: movement
degredation (de'gra-da'shen) away from gradual change
degree (di-gre') any of the successive steps in a process
digress (di-gress') to turn aside from the main subject
gradation (grad-a'-shen) arranging in stages or steps
gradient (gra'de-ent) a slope as in a road
gradometer (gra-do'met-er) something that measures slopes on a road
gradual(graj'oo-wel) taking place by degrees
graduate (graj'oo-wit) one who has completed a course at a school or college
gress: move
egress (e'gres) exit
ingress (in'gres) entrance
progress (prog'res) movement toward a specific or further goal
regress (ri-gres') to move in a backward direction
grat: please, favor
congratulate (ken-grach'e-lat') to convey pleasure and joy to a
person
grateful (grat'fel) warmly or deeply appreciative of kindness
gratify (grat'e-fi') to give pleasure to by satisfy-ing desires
gratis (grat'is) without charge or payment; freely
gratuitous (gra-too'i-tes) being without apparent reason
gratuity (gra-too'i-te) a gift of money, over and above payment due
ingrate (in'grat) an ungrateful person
ingratiate (in-gra'she-at) to establish in the favor of others
gust: taste

| disgust $($ dis-gust') to offend the good taste <br> gustable (gest'e-bel) | appetizing, savory, tasty |
| :--- | :---: |
| gustatory | (gus'te-tor'e) |
| gusto | (gus'to) |

$\underline{\text { habit: reside }}$
habitable (hab'i-te-bel) capable of being inhabited
habitat (hab'i-tat') the native environment of an animal
habitation (hab'i-ta'shen) a place of residence
habitual (ha-bich'oo-el) of the nature of a habit
habituate (ha-bich'oo-at') to accustom to something
inhabit (in-hab'it) to live in
hort: plants
hortensial (hor-ten-shal) of or relating to plants
horticulture (hor'te-kul'cher) the science and art of cultivating plants
hortular (hor'tu-lar) growing plants
ign: fire

ignipuncture (ig'ni-punc'ture) 1) to perforate or pierce with a sharp point. 2) to reduce or put an end to, as if by a puncture
ignition (ig-nish'en) act of lighting
ignivomous (ig-ni'vom-ous)
fire vomiting
itin: travel
itinerant (i-tin'er-ent) journeying; traveling from place to place itineracy(i-

## Expansions

eject (i-jekt') 1) to force out expel 2) to dismiss, as from office, occupancy interject (in-ter-ject) to throw in abruptly between two things.
project (proj'ekt) 1) something that is contemplated, devised, or planned 2) to throw cast, or impel forward or onward
projectile (pre-jek'til) 1) a body projected or impelled forward, as through the air
reject (ri-jekt') 1) to refuse to have, take, recognize, accept 2 ) to throw away, discard trajectory (tre-jek'ter-e) the curve described by a projectile in its flight through the air.

```
jud: judge, law
adjudicate (a-joo'de-kat') to pass judgment or determine an issue or dispute judically
judicature (joo-di'-ke-cher) 1) the administration of justice, as by judges or courts. 2) the
                                    office, functions, or authority of a judge.
judicial (joo-dish'el) pertaining to judgment in courts of justice or to the administration of
                                    justice.
judiciary (joo-dish'yer'i) pertaining to judgment in courts of justice, or to courts or judges;
                                    judicial.
judicious (joo-dish'es) using or showing judgment as to action or practical expediency;
                                    discreet, prudent, or politic.
junct: join
conjunction (kon-junk'shen) combination of events, circumstances
junction (junk'shen) act or state of joining; combination.
juncture (junk'sher) a point of time, especially on critical or importance; act of joining.
juv: youth
juvenescent (joo've-nes'ent) becoming youthful
juvenile (joo've-nel) pertaining to, suitable for, or intended for young persons.
rejuvenate (ri-joo've-nat) to celebrate with youthful vigor
```


## kines: motion

| hyperkinetic | (hi'per-ki-net'ik) | excess, wild motion |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| kinesis (ki-ne'ses) | motion |  |
| kinetic (ki-net'ik) | pertained to motion |  |
| kinofluous | (ki-nof'lu-us) | yielding motion |
| parakinesia | (per'e-ki-ne'sha) | combined movement |
| photokinesis | (fo'to-ki-ne'sis) | movement as a response to light |

lat: side
bilateral (bi-lat'er-el) affecting two or both sides
lateral (lat'er-el) affecting one side
laud: praise
applaud (e-plod') to clap hands; to gesture approval

| laudable <br> laudation <br> laudatory <br> laude (lod) | (lo'de-bel) <br> (lo-da'shen) <br> (lo'de-tor'e) | praiseworthy or commendable <br> a praise or tribute |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| containing or expressing praise |  |  |

lub: smooth

| lubricant | (loo'bre-kent) |
| :--- | :--- |
| lubricate | a substance for lessening friction |
| (loo'bre-kat') |  | to apply some oily substance to a mechanism in order to diminish friction

lubricity (loo-bris'i-tee) having an oily surface; slipperiness
lubricious (loo-bre-shes) slippery, unstable
lubritorium (loo'bri-to're-um) a place for diminishing friction for a mechanism
lucr: money
lucrative (loo'kra-tiv)
lucre (loo'ker)
lun: moon

| lunacy (loo'ne-ce) | any form of insanity |
| :--- | :--- |
| lunar (lu-nar) | of or relating to the moon |
| lunarian (lu-na'-re-en) | a supposed inhabitant of the moon |
| lunatic (lu-ne-tik) | affected with lunacy |
| sublunar (seb'lu-nar) | situated beneath the moon |

matin: morning
matin (mat-en) of or relating to early morning
matinal(mat-en-el) of or relating to morning
matinee (mat'en-a) a musical or dramatic performance or social or public event held in the daytime and especially the afternoon
matutinal (mach-u'tin-el)of, relating to, or occurring in the morning
merc: trade
mercantile (mer-ken'tel) of or relating to merchants or trading
mercenary (mers-en'er-e) one that serves merely for wages
merchant (mer'chent) a buyer and seller of commodities for profit
merchandise (mer'chen-diz) the commodities or goods that are bought and sold in business
grat: move
emigrate (e'me-grat) to leave a place of a bode for life or residence elsewhere

| immigrant | (im'e-grent) | a person that comes to a country for the purpose of permanent residence |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| migrant | (mi'grant) | a person who moves into another area in order to find work |
| migrate | (mi'grat) | to move from one place to another |
| migratory | (mi'gre-tor-e) | moving habitually or occasion-ally from one region or climate to another |
| ansmig | (trans-m | ass at death from one body being to another |

mir: wonder
miracle(mir'i-kel) an extremely outstanding or unusual event, thing, or accomplishment miraclemonger (mir'i-kel-men-ger) an extraordinary event taken to manifest the supernatural power of God fulfilling his purposes
miraculous (me-rak'-ye-les) of the nature of a miracle
mirage (me'razh) an optical effect that is sometimes seen at sea, in the desert or over a hot pavement, that may have the appearance of a pod of water or a mirror in which distant objects are seen interverted
mirate (mi'rat)to feel or express surprise or admiration

## mnemon: mindful

amnesia (am-ne'zhe) loss of memory due to brain injury, shock, fatique, repression, or illness cryptomnesia (krip'tam-nezh'ye) the appearance in consciousness of memory images which are not recognized as such but which appear as original creations
hypermnesis (hi'perm-nezh'ses) abnormally vivid or complete memory or the reawakening of impressions long seemingly forgotten
mnemonic (ni-man'ik) assisting or intended to assist memory
mnestic (nes'tik) of or relating to memory
panmensia (pan-nezh'ye) the continuance in memory of all mental impressions
mob: movement
immobile (im-mo'-bel) incapable of being moved
mobile (mo'bel) capable of moving or being moved
mobility (mo-bil'et-e) ability to move
mut: change
immutable (im-yut'-e-bil) not capable of or susceptible to change
mutant (myut'ent) of, relating to, or produced by mutation
mutation (myu-ta'shen) a significant and basic alteration
mutative (myu'tat-iv) to undergo change
mutilate (myu'tel-at) to cut off or permanently destroy a limb or essential part of mutual (myu'chu-el) having the same feelings one for the other
transmutation (tranz'myu-ta'-shen) the conversion of one element nuclide into another either naturally or art

```
nebul: cloud
nebula (neb'ye-le) a slight cloudy opacity of the cornea
nebulescent (neb'ye-la'sent) composed of successive short curves made to resemble a cloud
nebulosity (neb'ye-las'et-e) the quality or state of being cloudlike
nebulous (neb'ye-les) indistinct, vague
necro: dead
necremia (nek-re'me-e) those that are dead having a specified thing in the blood
necrogenic (nek'ro-jen'ik) produced by formed from those that are
    dead
necrology (nek-ro'lo-ge) study of the dead
necromancy (nek-ro'man-se) fortunetelling from the spirits of the
    dead
necropolis (nek-ro'pal-es) cemetary
necropsy (nek'rop-si) autopsy
neg: deny
negate (ni-gat') to deny the existence or truth
negation (ni-ga'shen) a denying or taking away
negative (neg'a-tiv) expressing denial, refusal, saying no
negatory (neg'a-tor-i) expressing of denial
neglect(ne-glekt') to ignore or disregard
negligent (neg'le-jent) not paying attention to something
neur: nerves or nervous system
neuralgia (noo-ral'ja) severe pain along the course of a nerve
neurology (noo-ral'e-je) the study of the nervous system
neurosis (noo-ro'sis) motor disorder; worry without cause
neurotic (noo-rat'ik) excessive worrying without cause
nihil: destruction
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
annihilate & (e-ni'e-lat') & \begin{tabular}{c} 
destroy completely, demolish \\
nihilism
\end{tabular} \\
(ni'e-liz'm)
\end{tabular}\(\quad\) belief that there is no meaning or purpose in existence
nihilist (ni'e-list) a person who believes there is no purpose in existence
nihility(ni-il'e-te) the condition of having no purpose
noct: night
noctambulant (nok-tam'-bu-lent) walking in one's sleep
noctidial (nak-te'-de-al) comprising sequence of day or night
noctivagent (nak-tiv'e-gent) night wandering
nocturnal (nak-tur'nel) having to do with or of the night
nocturne (nak'turn) the suggestion of night by a painting or scene
```


## nova: new

nova (no've) a star that increases and decreases the brightness over a period of months and years
novantique (no'van-tek) existing to or characteristic of New
England
novel (nav'el)
new and unusual
novelty(nav'el-te) the quantity of being novel, newness
novice (nav'es) new, inexperienced
innovation (in'-e-va'shen) the introduction of something new
opt: see
optic (ap'-tik) of or relating to vision or the eye
optical (ap'ti-kel) of or relating to science of optics
optician (ap-tish'en) a maker or dealer of optical items and instruments
optemetrist (ap-tam'e-trest) one that grinds spectacle lenses to prescription and despences
specticals
orb: circle
orb (orb) any of the concentric spheres in old astronomy surrounding the earth and carrying the celestial bodies in their revolutions
orbicular (or-bik'yoo-ler) circular
orbit (or-bet) one heavenly body's revolution around another
oscillare: to swing
oscillate (as'-e-lat) to swing backward and forward like a pendulum
oscillation (as'e-la'shen) the act swinging back and forth
oscillator (as'e-lat-er) one that swings back and forth
oscillatory (as'el-e-tor-e) characterized by swinging back and forth
oss: bone



## prehend: take hold of

| apprehend | (ap're-hend') | to take or seize |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| apprehension | (ap're-hen'shun) | seizure |
| comprehend | (kom'pre-hend') | to grasp with understanding |
| prehensile | (pre-hen'sel) holding by wrapping around an object |  |
| reprehensible | (rep'ri-hen'se-bel) | blame worthy |

## pter: wings

apterous (ap'ter-es) having no wings
hexapterous (hex-ap'ter-es) having 6 wings
pterodactyle (ter'e-dak'tel) any extinct flying reptiles of the pterodactylate reptile family
pteroid (ter'oyd) prehistoric dinosaur
trichopterous (trich-opt'-er-ous) always questioning
punc: pierce
punctilious (punk-til'e-es) attentive to the finer points of etiquette and formal conduct
punctual (punk'choo-el) acting or arriving at the exact time appointed
punctuate (punk'choo-at) to provide with puncuation marks
puncture (punk'cher) to pierce with a pointed object
pungent (pun'jent) affecting the organs of taste or smell with a sharp acrid sensation

## quest: search

inquest (in'kwest) a judicial inquiry of some matter usually held before
a jury especially in a matter of death
perquisite (per'kwis-sit) extra privilege
querulous (kwer'e-les) giving to complaining peevish
query (kwir'e') a question; inquiry
quest (kwest) the act or instance of seeking or pursuing something; search
question (kwes'chen) an expression of inquiry that invites or calls for a reply
require (ri-kwir) to have as a requisite; need
ratio: think
irrational (i-rash'e-nel) not endowed with reason
ratio (ra'she-o) relation in degree or number between 2 similar things
ratiocination (rash'e-o-so-na'chen) the act of reasoning methodically and
logically
ration (rash'en) a fixed portion especially an amount of food allotted
rational (rash'en-el) having or excersing the ability to reason
rationalize (rash'e-ne'liz') to agree to, or reason with
rot: turn
rotary (ro'te-re) turning or capable of turning around on an axis
rotate (ro'tat) to cause to go through a cycle of changes

| rotation | (ro-ta'shen) a cycle |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| rotativism | (ro'ta-tiv-iz'em) | the condition of turning or cycling |
| rotatodentate | (ro'ta-to-den'tat) $\quad$ having rotary toothlike projections |  |

## rupt: break

abrupt (e-brupt')
corrupt (ke-rupt')
disruptive (dis-rup'tiv)
eruption (i-rup'shen)
interrupt (in'te-rupt')
sudden, quick, and unexpected
guilty of dishonest practices
causing disorder or turmoil
a sudden violent outburst
to break off or cause to cease in the middle of something
rupture (rup'cher)
the act of breaking or bursting
sag: wise
sagacious (se-ga'shes) having or showing keen practical sense
sagactiy (sa-gas'i-te) mental discernment and judgment
sage (saj) wise, judicious, or prudent
insipid (in-sip'id) without distinctive, interesting, or attracting qualities
sapid (sap'id) having pleasing taste or flavor
sapient (sa'pe-ent) wise
saporous (sap'er-es) full of flavor or taste

## sarc: flesh

| sarcasm | (sar'kaz-em) | harsh or bitter irony |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| sarcocarp | (sar'ko-karp') | any fruit of fleshy consistency |
| sarcogenous (sar'ko-jen-es') | having to do with the production of flesh |  |

soph: wise
pansophism (pan'se-fiz-em) the professed possession of universal knowledge
philosophy (fe-los'e-fe) the study of the truth
sophist (so-f'ist) one who argues through fake reasoning
sophistication (se-fis'te-ka'shen) a loss of simplicity
sophomore (sof'e-mor) student in the second year of a 4-year high school or college; wise fool
stell: star
constellation (kon'ste-la'shen) a group of stars
stellar (stel'er) of or having to do with the stars
stellate (stel'at) spreading out like the points of a star
stelliferous (ste-lif'er-es) abounding with stars
temp: time
contemporary (ken-tem'pe-rer'e) of the present time
extemporaneous (ek-stem'pe-ra'ne-es) done without preparation

| pro tem | (pro-tem') |
| :--- | :--- |


| tempo (tem'po) | temporary |
| :--- | :--- |
| temporal | (tem'per-el) |


| a beat in music |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| temporality | (tem'pe-ral'i-te) |
| :--- | :--- |
| temporary | (tem'po-rmanent |
| ter'e) | not permanent |

term: end

| determine | (di-tur'min) | to settle or decide |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| exterminate | (ik-stur'me-nat') | destroy totally |
| that may be ended |  |  |

thanos: death
cacothanasia (ca'-ce-tha-na'sia) loud death
electrothanasia (i-lek'tre-tha-na'sia) death by eloctrocution
euthanasia (yu'tha-na'zhi-a) an easy death; a mode of death to be desired
thanatognomonic (than'e-to'ne-mon'ic) death law
thanatography (than'e-to'grafe) death writing
thanatoid (than'e-toid) resembling death
thanatophobe (than-e'-te-fob) fear of death
thanatopsis (than-e-top'ses) a state in resembling shock
torp: stiff, slow
torpedo (tor-pe'do) underwater bomb
torpescent (tor-pe'sent) scent that paralyzes
torpid (tor'ped) to be stiff or numb
torpidinous (tor-ped'i-nees) sluggish
torpor (tor'per) a state of mental and motor disability

## tox: poison

antitoxin (an'ti-tok'sin) antibody formed in the body as a result of injection of toxin detoxification (de-tok'si-fi-ka'shun) to remove the poison of effect of the poison intoxicate (in-tok'se-kat') to effect temporarily with diminished control over the physical and mental powers
toxic (tok'sik) of, pertaining to, affected with, or caused by a poison
toxicomania (tok'sik-o-ma'nee) excessive excitement or enthusiasm
over toxic material
toxicophagy (tok'sik-o-fag'e) eating or devouring toxic material toxin (tok'sin) poison
turb: agitate
disturb (di-sturb') to interrupt the quite rest or peace of turbid (tur'bid) being in a state of agitation or tumult; disturbed turbine (tur'bin) rotary engine
turbulent (tur'bye-lent) not clear or transparent because of stirred up settiment or the like; glued
turg: swolen

turgescence (tur-jes'ent) $\quad$| becoming swollen, swelling |
| :--- |
| turgid (tur'jid) |$\quad$ swollen, distended

unc: oil
unction(unk'shen) oily or greasy

| unctuous | (unk'choo-wes) | acting in a smooth or oily manner |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| unguent | (un'gwent) | a salve or ointment |
| unguentary | (un'gwen-ter'e) like an ointment |  |

vac: empty
evacuate (i-vak'yoo-at) to make empty
vacancy (va'ken-se) the state of being vacant or empty; emtpiness
vacate (va'kat) to make vacant or empty
vacatur(va'kat-or) to evict, or to have made vacant
vacuity(va-kyoo'e-te) the quality or state of being empty
vacuous (va-kyoo'us) having no substance, intelligence, purpose
vacuum (vak'yoo-wem) a space with nothing at all in it
vacill: change
vacillant (vas'e-lent) to sway to and fro; waver; stagger
vacillate (vas'e-lat) waver in mind; show indecision
vacillation (vas'e-la'shen) indecision
vacillatory (vas'e-li'tor-e) indecisive

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vaga: wander
extravagant (ek-strav'e-gent) excessive, wasteful
vagabond (vag'e-band') idle wanderer
vagary (ve-ger'e) odd conduct
vagrant(va'grent) tramp; wanderer
vague (vag) not clear
verd: green
verdant(vur'dent) green; immature
verdigris (vur'di-gres) green deposits on brass or bronze
verdure (vur'jer) green growth
verdurous (vur'jer-us) having green growth
vind: clear
vindicable (vin'di-ka-b'l) justifiable
vindicate (vin'de-kat') clear name
```

vindication (vin'di-ka'shun) the result of clearing someones name
vindictive (vin-dik'tiv) unforgiving
vindictivolence (vin'dik-tiv'o-lens) revengeful

## APPENDIX C

## BONUS WORDS

| abbozzo | (o-bot'-so) | rough draft |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| abecedarian (a'-be'se'der'-i'en) | arranged alphabetically |  |
| abscotchalater (ab-skoch'a-la-ter) | one hiding from the police |  |


| anuptaphobia (an'up'-te-fo'-bi-e) fear of staying single |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| apopemptoclinic | ic (a'po-pem'to-klin'-ik) | ) inclined towards divorce |
| rosopia (ap | (ap-ro-sop'-i-e) | sence of a face |
| aptyalism (a | (ap-ti'-e-liz'em) | loss of saliva |
| atmatertera (at-mo-ter'te-ro) great-grandfather's grand-mother's sister |  |  |
| uncular (a | (a-vung'-kye-ler) | like an uncle |
| dizen (be | (be-di'-zen) o | over-decorate or -dress |
| ellytimber (b | (bel'e-tim'ber) | food |
| nthopelagic (b | (ben'-tho-pel-aj'ik) | inhabiting the ocean deep |
| pharospasm(b) | (blef'er-o-spa'-zem) | ersistent winking |
| (breadbate | (bred'bat) | ischief-maker |
| evirostrate (b | (brev-i-ros'-trat) | having a short nose |
| brobdingnagian | 1 (brob-ding-nag' | -i-en) gigantic |
| buzznagger (buz | (buz'-na-ger) | someone who talks too much |
| canoodle (k | (ke-noo'-del) | caress |
| carked (karkd) | worried |  |
| awamptious(k | (kat-e-womp'shes) | fierce, destructive |
| cecutiency (s | (se-ku'shen-se) partial b | blindness |
| cercopithecan (s | (ser-ko-pith'-e-ken) p | pertaining to monkeys |
| cisvestitism (sis | (sis-ves'-ti-tiz-em) | wearing strange clothes |
| comiconomenclaturist (ko'-mik-o-no-men-kla'-cher-ist) specialist in funny names |  |  |
| conciliabule (kon-sil'-i-e-bul') secret meeting of plot-hatchers |  |  |
| concupiscent ( | (kon-ku'pi-sent) | lusty |
| contumelious (k | (kon-tu-me'li-es) | insolent and abusive |
| cornigerous (k | (kor-nij'-e-res) | horned |
| costermonger ( | (kos'-ter-mung-er) | fruit and vegetable seller |
| rapulous (k | (krap'-yoo-les) | sick feeling after overeating |
| crurophilous (k | (krur-of'-e-les) lid | liking legs |
| cunctation (k | (kunk-ta'-shen) | delay |
| cymotrichous (s | (si-mot'-ri-kes) | having wavy hair |
| dactylogram ( | (dak-til'-o-gram) | fingerpint |
| decoction (d) | (de-kok'-shen) | soup |
| foedation (def | (def-o-da'shen) | pollution, making |
| deglutitious (d | (de-glu-ti'shes) | pertaining to swallowing |
| egustation (d | (de-gus-ta'shen) | tasty or savory |
| dendrophilous (d | (den-dro'fil-es) $\quad 1$ | loving trees so much you live in them |
| derf (derf) | bold |  |
| derodidymus ( | (der-o-did'i-mus) | two-headed monster |
| discalceate (dis | (dis-kals'-e-at) | taking off shoes |
| lichoprosopic | (dol'i-ko-pro-sop | having a very long face |
| dwergmal (d | (dwurg'mel) e | echo |
| dzo (dzo) | hybrid between | n yak and cow |




| decorate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| pusillanimous | (pyoo-sil-an'-e-mes) | cowardly |
| quackle | (kwak'el) to | to choke or suffocate |
| quisquous | (kwis'-kes) per | perplexing |
| quockerwodger | $r$ (kwok'-er-woj-er) | j-er) marrionette |
| quodlibetic | (kwod-li-bet'-ik) | book worm |
| quop (kwop) | throb |  |
| quotidian | (kwo-tid'i-en) occ | occurring daily |
| ranivorous | (ran-iv'or-es) fro | frog-eating |
| rhinoscopy | (rin-os'kep-e) stu | study of the nasal passages |
| rhonchisonant | (rong'ki-so-nent) | snoring |
| rixle (riks'-el) |  |  |
| sanguisugous | (sang-wi-soo'ges) | blood-thirsty |
| saprostomous | (sap-ros'-to-mes) | having bad breath |
| sciapodous | (si-ap'o-des) havi | having very large feet |
| colecophagous |  |  |
| sepicolous | (sep-ik'o-les) living | living in hedges |
| serpiginous | (ser-pij'en-es) cre | creeping |
| shtchee(shche) | cabbage soup |  |
| snawky | (snaw'ke) nau | nauseating |
| solisequious | (sol-i-se'kwi-es) | following the sun |
| sphagnicolous | (sfag-nik'o-les) | growing in peat moss |
| spizzerinctum | (spiz-er-ink'-tem) | great ambition |
| stentorophonous (sten-tor-of'en-es) having a very loud voice |  |  |
| superexcrescen | (soo'per-eks-kres' | kres'-ens) unnecessary growth |
| susurrant | (soo'-sur-ent) | whispering |
| tautoousious | (tot-o-oo'-si-es) | absolutely the same |
| taradiddle | (tar'-e-did-el) fib | fib |
| tenebrous | (ten'-e-bres) dar | dark, gloomy, hard to understand |
| trochiline | (tro'kil-in) hum | hummingbird-like |
| ulotrichous | (u-lot'rik-es) hav | having wooly hair |
| umbriferous | (um-brif'er-es) sha | shady |
| utriculus | (u-trik'u-les) per | pertaining to the ear |
| uxorodespotism (uks-or'o-des'po-tiz-em) wifely tyranny |  |  |
| vaccimulgence(vak-i-mul'jens) cow milking |  |  |
| vapulation | (vap-u-la'shen) | flogging |
| vecordious | (vek-or'di-es) crazy | crazy, senseless |
| vermicular | (ver-mik'yoo-ler) | worm-like |
| vespertilian | (ves-pur-til'i-en) | ike |
| vituperation | (vi-tu'per-a'-shen) | abuse, usually verbal |
| vulpecular | (vul-pek'yoo-ler) | fox-like |
| widdershins | (wid'er-shinz) unl | unlucky |
| wowser | (wow'zer) exc | excessively moral person |
| wud (wud) | crazy |  |

## Expansions

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yarken (yark'en) prepare
zarf (zarf) coffee cup holder
zonesthesia (zon-es-the'-ze-a) feeling of wearing a tight girdle
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